

## TEOREMA 5.- (DEGLI ZERI)

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{i) } f \in C^0[a, b] \\ \text{ii) } \exists a_1, b_1 \in [a, b]: f(a_1) \cdot f(b_1) < 0 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \exists c \in ]a_1, b_1[ : f(c) = 0$$

DIM.

(METODO DI INSCATOLAMENTO)

$$f(a_1) < 0 < f(b_1)$$

$$I_2 = [a_2, b_2] = \begin{cases} [a_1, c_1] & \text{se } f(a_1) < 0 < f(c_1) \\ [c_1, b_1] & \text{se } f(c_1) < 0 < f(b_1) \end{cases}$$

⋮

$$I_m = [a_m, b_m] : \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{j) } I_{m+1} \subset I_m \text{ cioè } a_m \leq a_{m+1} \leq b_m \leq b_{m+1} \\ \text{jj) } b_m - a_m = \frac{b_1 - a_1}{2^{m-1}} \end{array}$$

$$\text{jjj) } f(a_m) < 0 < f(b_m)$$

$$\text{j), jj) } \Rightarrow \lim a_m = \sup a_m = c = \inf b_m = \lim b_m \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim f(a_m) \leq 0 \leq \lim f(b_m)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{"} \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{"} \\ f(c) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{"} \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{"} \\ f(c) \end{array}$$

□